



ML-1180 Maxlogic Intelligent Addressable Aspirating Smoke Detector
ML-1180.SCI Maxlogic Intelligent Addressable Aspirating Smoke Detector With Short Circuit Isolator



The ML-1180/ML-1180.SCI Maxlogic intelligent addressable aspirating smoke detectors are designed to monitor smoke changes in the environment, enabling the detection of fires in their very early stages and providing a fire alarm signal.

The air in the environment is continuously monitored, and a fire alarm signal is generated when the smoke level exceeds the threshold level. The threshold levels of other dust and/or particles that could cause false alarms are detected using mathematical modeling technology, preventing false alarms.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Compliant with EN 54-20, EN 54-17 standard
- Compatible with EN 54-20 Class A, Class B, and Class C sensitivity classes
- Wide operating range: 0 20 obs/m
- High sensitivity resolution: 0.0001 obs/m
- Model option with short circuit isolator
- Ability to distinguish between dust and smoke using **mathematical modeling technology**, preventing false alarms
- Installation options for different areas with single, dual, and quadruple tubing choices
- 4 different alarm levels (Warning, Pre-Alarm, Fire 1, Fire 2)
- Remote control functions (Silence, Fault, Reset, Alarm)
- IP30 Protection rating
- Stable and high operational performance
- Compatible with MAXLOGIC series intelligent addressable panels

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

		ML-1180	ML-1180.SCI
Supply Voltage		Nominal: 24V DC, Operating: 18VDC – 30VDC	
Current		Quiescence: Maks. 925mA @24V DC (Fan Speed 10) /	
		Alarm: Maks. 945mA @24V DC (Fan Speed 10)	
Power		Quiescence: 22.2 W @24V DC (Fan Speed 10) /	
		Alarm: 22.7 W @24V DC (Fan Speed 10)	
Dimensions		320x240x150mm (Width x Depth x Height)	
Weight		3.8 kg	
IP Protection Class		IP30	
Mounting		Wall Type	
Working Temperature Range		(-10°C) - (+55°C)	
Working Humidity Range		0 – 95% (+40°C, non-condensing)	
	_	Single Pipe: 150m (Max 60 holes) /	
	Length	Dual Pipe: 250m (Every pipe is 125m and max 30 holes) /	
Sampling Pipe		Quad Pipe: 400m (Every pipe is 100m and max 15 holes)	
, , ,	Diameter		/ Out: 25mm
	Entrance		with EN 61386-1 and classified at least at s 1131.)
Alarm Relay Outputs		4 Programmable Alarm Relay (it can be programmed by Loop Manager+):	
		100mA @30V (Warning, Pre Alarm, Alarm 1, Alarm 2)	
Fault Relay Output		2 Programmable Fault Relay (It can be programmed by Loop Manager+):	
			(1 Fault, 2 Fault)
	Cable Type	JE-H(St)H 1x2x0.8 + 0.8mm ² / JE-H(St)H 1x2x1.0 + 0.8mm ²	
		JE-H(St)H 1x2x1.5 + 0.8mm²	
Programming		Via USB-PC connection	
Alarm Levels		Warning: 0.005% – 2.0% obs/m / Pre Alarm: 0.005% – 2.0% obs/m Alarm 1: 0.010% – 2.0% obs/m / Alarm 2: 0.020% – 20.0 obs/m	
			rm 2: 0-255s (Delay can be assigned
Alar	rm Delayed Times		` '
Me	asurement Range	seperately to all levels.) 0.005% obs/m - 20% obs/m	
Smoke Detection Resolution		0.0001% obs/m	
Detection Principle		Light scattering principle	
Dust Seperation Principle		Mathematical Modelling Technology	
·		Class A: 60 Holes (most sensitive) /	
Sampling Holes per Each Pipe		Class B: 60 Holes /	
(EN-54-20 Sensitivity Class)		Class C: 60 Holes (Least Sensitive)	
Fan Speed		Adjustable (1-10 Level)	
Remote Control Functions		Silence, Fault	

MODELS

Models	Description
ML-1180	Maxlogic Intelligent Addressable Aspirating Smoke Detector
ML-1180.SCI	Maxlogic Intelligent Addressable Aspirating Smoke Detector With Short Circuit Isolator

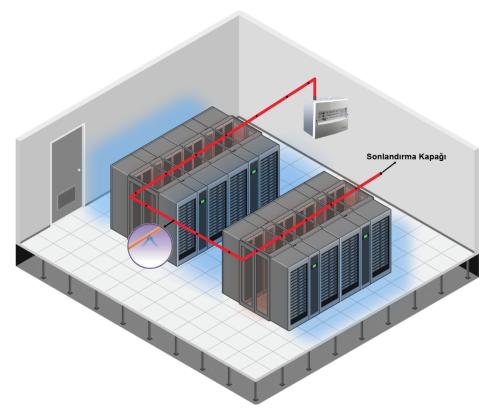
OPTIONAL ACCESSORY PRODUCT MODELS

Models	Description	
ML-0181	Maxlogic Heater Device for Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector, 2 Inputs / 1 Output	
ML-0182	Maxlogic Heater Device for Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector, 4 Inputs / 1 Output	
ML-0183	Maxlogic Heater Device for Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector, 4 Inputs / 2 Output	
ML-0185K	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Dirt Trap	
ML-0185M	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Magnetic Filter	
ML-0185T	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Dust Filter	
ML-0185H5	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Heavy Duty Dust Filter, 5"	
ML-0185H10	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Heavy Duty Dust Filter, 10"	
ML-0187A	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Water Trap, Type A	
ML-0187B	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Water Trap, Type B	
ML-0187C5	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Water Trap, Type C5	
ML-0187C10	Maxlogic Aspirating Smoke Detector Water Trap, Type C10	

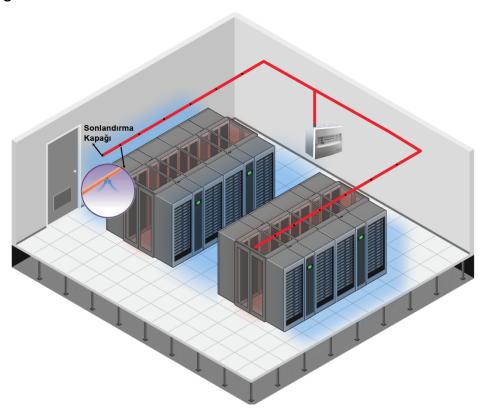
^{*} It is provided in a separate box if ordered. The device includes an M3 allen key for removing the heater device cover

PIPING SYSTEM

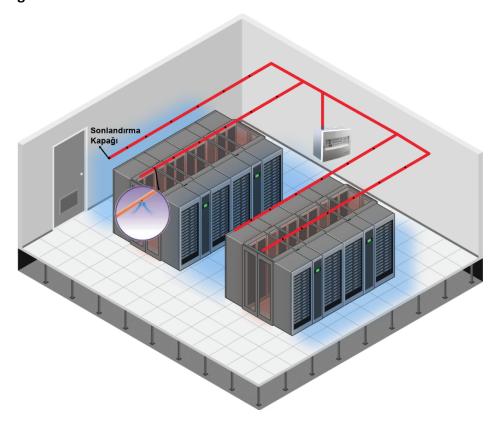
Single Pipe Design:



Dual Pipe Design:

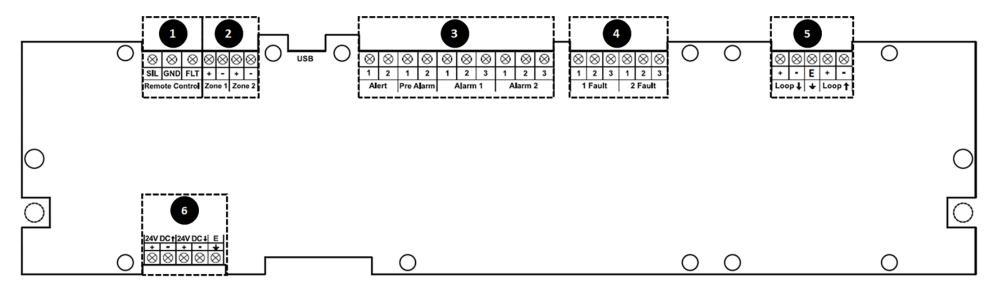


Quad Pipe Design:



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

PARTS OF ASD MAIN BOARD:



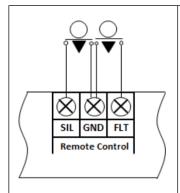
- 1. Remote control input connections
- 2. Conventional system input connections
- 3. Dry contact relay output connections *
- 4. Fault relay output connections **
- 5. Addressable system input connections
- 6. External power supply input connections ***

^{*}When conventional connections are made through Zone 1/Zone 2, an "Alarm" resistance is added by connecting 470 Ohm to terminals 2 and 3 on the Alarm 1/Alarm 2 lines.

^{**} When conventional connections are made through Zone 1/Zone 2, an "End of Line" resistance is added by connecting 6K8 Ohm to terminals 2 and 3 on the 1 Fault/2 Fault lines.

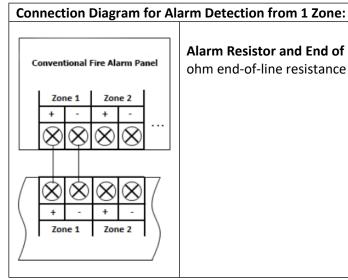
^{***} The ML-0515 / ML-05110 power supply, which complies with the EN 54-4 standard, should be used.

1. REMOTE CONNTROL INPUTS CONNECTIONS

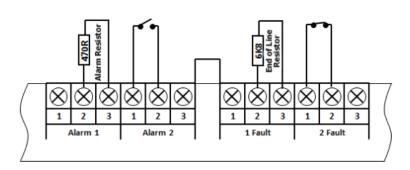


SIL: Used to mute the Buzzer on the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software. **FLT:** Used to put the detector in fault position. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

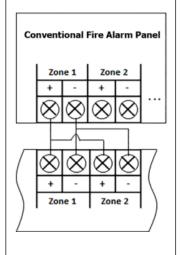
2. ZONE INPUTS CONNECTIONS WHEN CONNECTED TO CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM



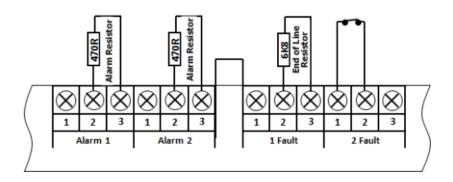
Alarm Resistor and End of Line Resistor Connection: 470 ohm alarm resistance should be connected to Alarm 1, and 6.8k ohm end-of-line resistance should be connected to 1 Fault as shown.



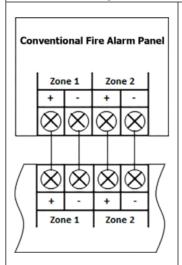
Connection Diagram for Two-Level Alarm Detection System from 1 Zone:



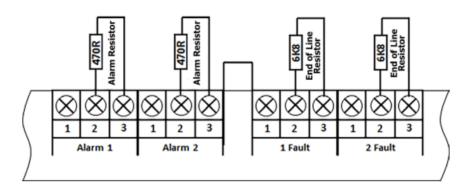
Alarm Resistor and End of Line Resistor Connection: 470 ohm alarm resistance should be connected to Alarm 1 and Alarm 2, and 6.8k ohm end-of-line resistance should be connected to 1 Fault as shown.



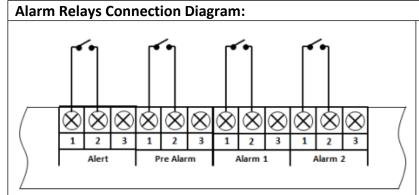
Connection Diagram for Two-Level Alarm Detection from 2 Different Zones:



Alarm Resistor and End of Line Resistor Connection: 470 ohm alarm resistance should be connected to Alarm 1 and Alarm 2, and 6.8k ohm end-of-line resistance should be connected to 1 Fault and 2 Fault as shown.



3. DRY CONTACT RELAY OUTPUTS WHEN NOT CONNECTED TO CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM

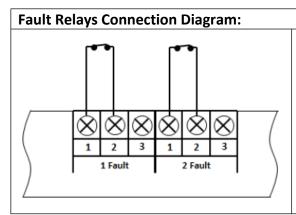


Alert: Relay output for the Alert function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

Pre-Alarm: Relay output for the Pre-Alarm function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

Alarm 1: Relay output for the Alarm 1 function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

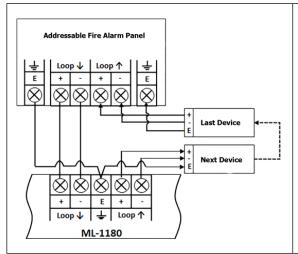
Alarm 2: Relay output for the Alarm 2 function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.



1 Fault: Relay output for the Fault 1 function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

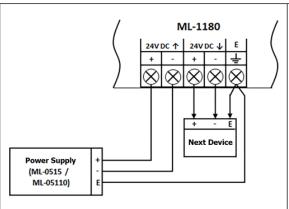
2 Fault: Relay output for the Fault 2 function of the detector. Different configurations can be assigned via Loop Manager+ software.

4. LOOP LINE INPUT / OUTPUT CONNECTION DIAGRAM:



It is used to communicate with addressable panels. Up to 127 'Maxlogic Intelligent Addressable System Active Air Sampling Smoke Detectors' can be interconnected using loop input and output connections.

5. POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION DIAGRAM



This is the connection input for the supply voltage required for the operation of the detector, which is 18-30V DC. Power can be supplied using a power supply compliant with EN 54-14 standard. Multiple devices can be connected by providing power to the next device through the output terminals. When using the same power supply for multiple devices, the power supply must provide sufficient total power for all detectors. If the total power is insufficient, the number of power supplies should be increased.